

# From $(\beta, \gamma)$ -Chebyshev functions of the interval to $(\beta, \gamma)$ -Lissajous curves of the square

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Chebyshev polynomials are a classical topic in scientific literature, and they have been considered in many fields of research. For example, the related zeros are particularly suitable for polynomial interpolation on the interval  $[-1, 1]$  due to their well conditioning. Moreover, the extrema of Chebyshev polynomials, along with the set  $\{-1, 1\}$ , form the set of *Chebyshev-Lobatto* (CL) points, which are *quasi-optimal* interpolation nodes as well [1, 2]. In [3], we introduced and analysed a new class of  $(\beta, \gamma)$ -Chebyshev functions and points, which can be seen as a generalisation of classical Chebyshev polynomials and points (see Figure 1). The achieved theoretical findings have been employed in [4] for reducing the effects of both Runge’s and Gibbs phenomena, in the framework of the *fake nodes approach* [5].

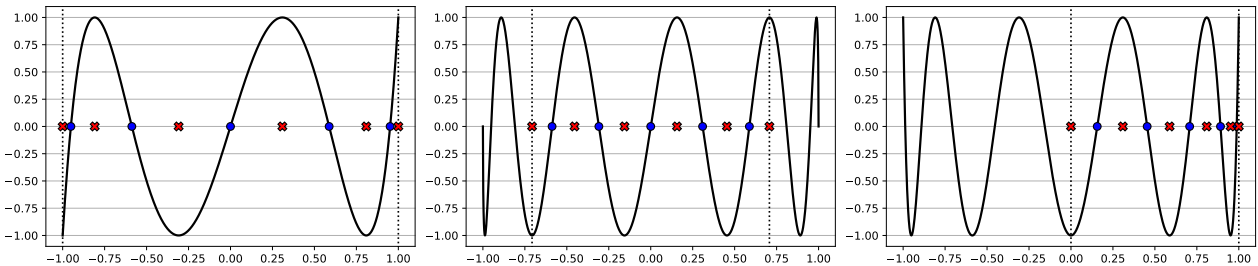


Figure 1: Left: an example of Chebyshev polynomial (solid line), Chebyshev points of the first kind (blue circles) and CL points (red crosses). Centre and right: two examples of  $(\beta, \gamma)$ -Chebyshev functions (solid line),  $(\beta, \gamma)$ -Chebyshev points (blue circles) and  $(\beta, \gamma)$ -CL points (red crosses). Depending on the choice of the parameters, they can be symmetric or not with respect to the origin.

In the square  $[-1, 1]^2$ , unions of tensor-product Chebyshev grids provide sets of nodes that guarantee a stable polynomial interpolation process and that can be characterised as self-intersection or square-tangency points of Lissajous curves [6]. This paves the way for the study of  $(\beta, \gamma)$ -Chebyshev grids and for the analysis of polynomial approximation schemes along  $(\beta, \gamma)$ -Lissajous curves in  $[-1, 1]^2$ , in view of designing a unified generalised framework.

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## References

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